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### County of Los Angeles CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street, Room 713, Los Angeles, California 90012 (213) 974-1101 http://ceo.lacounty.gov

> Board of Supervisors HILDA L. SOLIS First District

MARK RIDLEY-THOMAS Second District

SHEILA KUEHL Third District

DON KNARE Fourth District

MICHAEL D. ANTONOVICH

Fifth District

November 16, 2015

To:

Supervisor Michael D. Antonovich, Mayor

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Don Knabe

From:

Sachi A. Hamai Sim Cover for Chief Executive Officer

### FEASIBILITY OF CONDUCTING ANNUAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT) AND SECURITY POLICY AUDITS (ITEM NO. 8, AGENDA OF JULY 14, 2015)

On July 14, 2015, on a motion from Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas, the Board of Supervisors (Board) directed the Auditor-Controller (A-C), in coordination with the Interim Chief Executive Officer (CEO), to report back in 60 days on the feasibility of conducting Information Technology (IT) and Security Policy Reviews of every County department, including the CEO and Executive Office of the Board of Supervisors, on an annual basis.

In addition, the Board instructed the CEO to require any department or office with IT security vulnerabilities, as identified by the A-C, to submit detailed reports to the Board, A-C and the Chief Information Office (CIO), County Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) every 90 days on the progress being made to correct each security vulnerability and the steps being taken to prevent further future problems until each vulnerability is fully corrected.

### Feasibility of Conducting Annual IT and Security Policy Reviews

Fundamental to the achievement of reasonable IT security assurance are the staff resources and technical tools already funded within County departments to develop and maintain their IT security infrastructure. Departments' IT security experts should be regularly reviewing the strength of their IT security methods to ensure compliance with Board IT policies and prepare for evolving security threats. However, it is important to continually identify IT vulnerabilities through independent certifications of compliance with County IT policies and it is equally essential to constantly improve strong IT security defenses within the County's larger IT environment. While it is feasible to

"To Enrich Lives Through Effective And Caring Service"

Board of Supervisors November 16, 2015 Page 2

conduct annual IT policy audits of every County department, due to departmental size variances and system configuration complexities, we estimate the annual cost to be significant. Preliminarily, the A-C developed five scenarios (Attachment 1) that estimates the cost of performing IT policy audits based on varying frequencies. However, before recommending any of the five scenarios or other alternatives, we believe it is critical to expand the A-C's current risk assessments to incorporate each department's current level of knowledge and their monitoring efforts to ensure compliance with the IT policies. I have directed the A-C, to immediately contract with an outside IT security assessment expert to assist with this risk assessment, which will include reviews of written policies, procedures, practices, and interviews with departmental IT staff and management. These assessments will assist the A-C to incorporate additional elements into their current risk assessments and may identify potential departmental IT vulnerabilities that can be incorporated into the County's coordinated IT security program.

The A-C will have an agreement established as soon as feasible with the assessments being completed on a flow basis. We have included \$300,000 in the Fiscal Year (FY) 2015-16 Supplemental Budget to begin this effort.

### Benefits of Annual IT Policy Audits

Annual IT policy audits will provide independent oversight to help identify potential vulnerabilities and ensure timely corrective action to protect IT equipment and sensitive data. The audits may also cause departmental staff to be more vigilant in their adherence with IT policies, which may also better insulate the County from costly data breaches.

As previously mentioned, annual audits would be costly and until new staff could be hired and trained, existing audit resources would need to be redirected from their current and planned assignments to complete the IT audits. Redirecting staff would also limit the A-C's resources to perform other critical unplanned audits directed by the Board, (e.g., LA County Fairplex Review, the Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance Implementation, etc.).

Given the importance of this effort, the involved departments will continue to assess the effectiveness of the County's IT security strategy and will come back to the Board during the FY 2016-17 budget process with additional recommendations.

#### **Audit Corrective Action Plan**

A key element of every audit report includes the department's Corrective Action Plan (CAP) on identified deficiencies or anomalies. This CAP describes specific accomplishments and progress being made to correct deficiencies and vulnerabilities

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identified by the A-C and are submitted on a flow basis. Effective immediately, all IT security policy deficiencies identified as a result of an audit review, as prepared by the A-C, CIO, or third party expert, will require the department to submit a detailed CAP to the Board, A-C and the CIO within 90 days. Further, a CAP progress status report will be required every 90-days thereafter to address corrective actions being taken for each IT security vulnerability identified, and the steps taken to prevent further future problems until each issue is fully corrected.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me, or your staff may contact Jim Jones at (213) 974-8355 or via e-mail at <a href="mailto:jjones@ceo.lacounty.gov">jjones@ceo.lacounty.gov</a>

SAH:JJ:SK BM:ef

#### Attachment

c: Executive Office, Board of Supervisors Auditor-Controller Chief Information Office County Counsel Internal Services Audit Committee

# Auditor-Controller Information Technology and Security Policy Audit Scenarios

### November 2015

Sce		Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scenario 3			Scenario 4			Scenario 5				
					Annual Audits for I	~	•	2 Year Cycle	-		3 Year Cycle		•	5.14		
		Annual Aud Depa	-	i	3 Year Cycle for Med Risk 5 Year Cycle for Low Risk		4 Year Cycle Medium Risk 5 Year Cycle Low Risk		5 Year Cycle for Med/Low Risk Annual Follow-ups for High Risk		5 Year Cycle for All Departments					
		(Board	Dire	ctive)	Annual Follow-up Reviews for All		Annual Follow-ups for All		Biennial Follow-ups Med/Low Risk		Biennial Follow-ups All					
	Cost Per	No. of												No. of		
Position	Position <sup>1</sup>	Positions	Ar	nnual Cost	No. of Positions	Α	nnual Cost	No. of Positions	Aı	nnual Cost	No. of Positions	Д	nnual Cost	Positions	A	nnual Cost
Chief Accountant-Auditor	\$ 211,699	2	\$	423,398	2	\$	423,398	2	\$	423,398	1 .	\$	211,699	1	\$	211,699
Principal Accountant-Auditor	\$ 191,915	6	\$	1,151,487	4	\$	767,658	4	\$	767,658	3	\$	575,744	3	\$	575,744
Senior Accountant-Auditor	\$ 137,622	12	\$	1,651,467	8	\$	1,100,978	7	\$	963,356	5	\$	688,111	4	\$	550,489
Intermediate Accountant-Auditor	\$ 115,831	28	\$	3,243,260	25	\$	2,895,768	17	\$	1,969,122	14	\$	1,621,630	10	\$	1,158,307
Totals		48	\$	6,469,613	39	\$	5,187,803	30	\$	4,123,535	23	\$	3,097,184	18	\$	2,496,239
Current Audit Resources <sup>2</sup>		(8)	\$	1,218,265	(8)	\$	1,218,265	(8)	\$	1,218,265	(8)	\$	1,218,265	(8)	\$	1,218,265
Additional Resources Needed		40	\$	5,251,348	31	\$	3,969,538	22	\$	2,905,270	15	\$	1,878,919	10	\$	1,277,974
Estimated Intrafund Transfers Needed			\$	2,716,214		\$	2,223,296		\$	1,518,217		\$	996,054		\$	637,701
Estimate Net County Cost Needed			\$	2,535,133		\$	1,746,242		\$	1,387,053		\$	882,866		\$	640,273

Cost is based on fiscal year 2015-16 Salary & Employee Benefits billing rates, multiplied by 1,776 productive work hours; and does not include Services & Supplies costs which would be negligible for Scenarios 4 and 5. Scenarios 1 through 3 would likely require additional office space costs which we are unable to estimate at this time.

Resources are funded as part of the Audit Division's annual budget process, and were redirected from existing resources and audits of other critical County operations. Current resources in the IT audit function include: 1 CAA, 2 PAA's, 2 SAA's and 3 IAA's/AA's.

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# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

KENNETH HAHN HALL OF ADMINISTRATION 500 WEST TEMPLE STREET, ROOM 525 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012-3873 PHONE: (213) 974-8301 FAX: (213) 626-5427

May 18, 2016

TO: Supervisor Hilda L. Solis, Chair

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Don Knabe

Supervisor Michael D. Antonovich

FROM: John Naimo

Auditor-Controller

SUBJECT: FEASIBILITY OF CONDUCTING ANNUAL INFORMATION

**TECHNOLOGY AND SECURITY POLICY AUDITS (Board Agenda July** 

14, 2015, Item 8)

On July 14, 2015, the Board of Supervisors (Board) approved a motion directing the Auditor-Controller (A-C), in coordination with the Interim Chief Executive Officer (CEO), to report back in 60 days on the feasibility of conducting Information Technology (IT) and Security Policy Reviews of every County department, including the CEO and Executive Office of the Board, on an annual basis.

On November 16, 2015, the CEO, in coordination with the A-C, reported to the Board five scenarios that estimated the cost of performing IT and Security Policy Reviews based on varying frequencies. However, the A-C and CEO estimated the costs to be significant and determined that the A-C would expand its current IT risk assessment before recommending any of the scenarios or other alternatives. To expand the risk assessment, the CEO notified the Board that \$300,000 was available to contract with an outside IT security vendor to conduct a limited assessment of IT risk vulnerabilities and policies, and incorporate the results of the assessment into the A-C's current risk assessment.

### **Current Status**

After careful evaluation of recent IT audit findings and our IT audit operations, we determined that the IT security vulnerabilities and internal control weaknesses identified within our reports are generally the result of non-compliance with established County IT standards defined within the Board Policy Manual and County Fiscal Manual (CFM). These same findings are not a result of emerging IT risks currently not known to

Board of Supervisors May 18, 2016 Page 2

departments or captured in the A-C's IT risk assessment. As a result, contracting for limited IT assessments in an effort to expand our current IT risk assessment, as previously suggested by the CEO, would probably not result in significant changes to our assessment or the IT audits we perform.

We believe that our current audit focus on higher risk IT control areas, plus a variety of proposed new initiatives to annually review and report on targeted high-risk control areas Countywide, will address the Board's IT security concerns. Our audits and the new initiatives will provide IT security assurance services that are significantly less costly than annual IT and Security Policy Reviews of all County departments.

Current staffing and IT audit efforts, and the proposed new Countywide IT audit initiatives, are discussed below.

### **Current A-C IT Audit Function**

The A-C's IT audit function currently consists of eight positions at an annual cost of approximately \$1,200,000. IT audit planning is significantly influenced by our annual Countywide assessment of departments' relative IT risks. The assessment considers risk attributes such as the size and complexity of each department's IT systems and operations, the type and sensitivity of data maintained (e.g., Protected Health Information, financial records, etc.), and the numbers of mission-critical systems, users, computing devices, transactions, and associated dollar values.

In general, the IT audit team performs five major types of assignments to address the various high-risk IT areas. The assignments include reviews of:

- Departments' overall IT operations for compliance with Board IT Policy requirements.
- Departments' controls over high-risk, individual mission-critical systems to evaluate transaction processing, access, and overall system administration.
- electronic Countywide Accounting and Purchasing System (eCAPS) enterprise system and central operations/controls within the A-C to evaluate Countywide compliance with CFM requirements.
- Departments' requests to automatically issue payments processed within their departmental systems and interfaced through eCAPS.
- Departments' requests for eCAPS access that deviate from CFM requirements.

Attached are additional details on the range of assignments that we perform.

### Proposed New Countywide IT Security Audit Initiatives

To enhance our current efforts, we are also pursuing various new Countywide IT security audit initiatives that will broaden our audit coverage and report to the Board on

the County's compliance posture in select IT control areas. The following are some examples of these initiatives:

- Annual Countywide Reviews of Terminated Employees with Access to County Systems.
  - Review of eCAPS and electronic Human Resources (eHR) System Enterprise Systems Access – Our most recent review in this area (mentioned above) disclosed that departments need to be more vigilant in removing eCAPS/eHR access for employees who leave County service. We believe conducting this review annually will help continually improve departments' compliance.
  - Review of Multiple Departments' Non-Enterprise Systems Access Review of user access management across a sampling of multiple departmental systems to determine whether departments remove systems access for employees who leave County service.
- Annual Countywide Reviews of IT Equipment Management Review of IT
  equipment management across a sampling of multiple County departments to
  determine whether department's maintain accurate IT equipment inventories and
  proper accountability of their IT equipment. Prior reviews at individual
  departments identified misplaced desktops and laptops that may have contained
  sensitive information (e.g., social security numbers, medical records, etc.).
- Annual Countywide Reviews of IT Device Encryption and Antivirus –
  Review of desktop and laptop encryption and antivirus across a sampling of
  multiple County departments to determine whether departments have
  implemented an encryption and antivirus solution on their devices to protect
  County data.
- Annual Countywide Reviews of Internet Protocol (IP) Address
   Management Review of IP address management at the Internal Services
   Department (ISD) and across a sampling of multiple County departments to
   determine whether policies and procedures help ensure County network
   communications (wired and wireless) can be tracked to authorized users, and
   that the users understand their responsibilities for complying with acceptable use
   rules in the Board IT Policy 6.105 Internet Use Content.
- Annual Self-Certification Reporting Annual review of each department's compliance with critical IT control areas as self-certified in the Internal Control Certification Program (ICCP). The A-C is enhancing the current ICCP process to improve focus on critical controls, and we will conduct spot checks of departments' reported compliance in critical areas of particular interest to the Board.

### Other IT Security Audit Initiatives/Efficiencies

There are many Countywide IT security programs/initiatives that are critical to the County's overall IT security strategy, which are the responsibility of central departments such as ISD and CEO. In our ongoing effort to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of our audits, we plan to evaluate performing audits of these central departments' Countywide administration of areas such as network vulnerability, network threat prevention/detection, IT asset management, IT security training, and other centralized IT control areas. In addition, we will evaluate acquiring software/tools, such as network vulnerability scanning software, to assist in performing the audits/assignments discussed throughout this report.

### A-C Proposal

IT system management and data security should be top priorities in the County. We believe that the A-C's historical focus on high-risk IT control areas, plus the new Countywide initiatives described above, provide a more reasonable, effective, and significantly less costly approach to IT security than annual IT and Security Policy Reviews of all County departments.

We also believe our current comprehensive IT audit risk assessment will help target high-risk IT areas in the County, and that contracting for limited IT assessments, as previously directed, would not result in significant changes to our risk assessment or the IT audits/assignments we perform.

Unless otherwise directed, we will continue with our existing IT audit coverage while pursuing a variety of new initiatives and efficiencies as described above. We are working with the CEO on funding for the new initiatives and software/tools as part of the Fiscal Year 2016-17 budget process.

If you have any questions please call me, or your staff may contact Robert Smythe at (213) 253-0100.

JN:AB:PH:RS:MP

#### Attachment

c: Sachi A. Hamai, Chief Executive Officer
Jim Jones, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Executive Office
Lori Glasgow, Executive Officer, Board of Supervisors
Dave Chittenden, Chief Deputy Director, Internal Services Department
Public Information Office
Audit Committee

## CURRENT AUDITOR-CONTROLLER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AUDIT ASSIGNMENTS

The Auditor-Controller (A-C) Information Technology (IT) audit team performs five major types of assignments to address the various high-risk IT areas. The following describes the range of assignments we perform:

- Departmental IT and Security Policy Reviews Comprehensive reviews of County departments' overall IT operations for compliance with Board IT Policy requirements, such as antivirus, encryption, security training, facility security requirements, and computing device inventory controls. The reviews include samplings of the audited departments' multiple systems and computing devices. The recent IT audits of the Departments of Public Health and Probation are examples of these types of reviews.
- Individual Mission-critical System Reviews Reviews of controls and related processes over high-risk, individual mission-critical systems. These reviews evaluate the accuracy and validity of transaction processing, the appropriateness of access assignments, including privileged access to critical County data (e.g., financial data, health records, etc.), and the administration over individual systems to ensure compliance with County Fiscal Manual (CFM) requirements.

These reviews have identified transaction inaccuracies/improprieties resulting in overpayments and under-billings, transaction processing delays that resulted in penalties and interest charges to the County, and inappropriate access controls, including the sharing of user identification and passwords which increase the risk for inappropriate activity. Examples of System Reviews that we have conducted include the Assessor's Secured Property Systems, Sheriff's Garnishment System (MAPAS), the Department of Health Services' Community Health Plan Patient Management System, and the County's Risk Management and Claims Administration Information System.

electronic Countywide Accounting and Purchasing System (eCAPS)
 Enterprise System and Central Operations/Controls Reviews – Countywide
 reviews of eCAPS and electronic Human Resources (eHR) System users and
 transactions for compliance with CFM requirements, and reviews of central
 eCAPS operations/controls within the A-C. eCAPS and eHR are the County's
 enterprise financial and human resources systems, each with thousands of users
 responsible for processing annual payments and payroll transactions totaling
 over \$15 billion and \$7 billion, respectively.

The reviews help determine compliance with certain IT control requirements designed to prevent unauthorized access, inappropriate activity, etc., and to determine the adequacy of central controls. Our recent review of Terminated Employees with eCAPS and/or eHR Access is an example of this type of review.

Our IT audit function will continue to evaluate ways to perform similar Countywide reviews of other central controls/operations.

eCAPS Interface Reviews – Reviews of departments' requests to automatically issue payments processed within their departmental systems and interfaced through eCAPS. Although not audits, the reviews evaluate departments' reported controls and procedures over the electronic interface process prior to authorizing the interface to occur. This helps ensure that the interfaces, many of which process millions of dollars in payments annually, have proper controls in place and are in compliance with County rules prior to implementation.

We have reviewed numerous interface processes, including the interfaces for the Department of Children and Family Services' Approved Relative Caregivers/Automated Provider Payment System, Superior Court's Jury Management Information System, and the Department of Public Social Services' Generic Contract Invoicing System.

eCAPS Access Exceptions – Evaluation of departments' requests for eCAPS
access that deviate from CFM requirements. The reviews evaluate internal
control deficiencies and help establish compensating controls/processes in
critical operations that must be implemented before the exception requests are
granted.